

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Detention Requests: FY 2017

March 20, 2019 Fiscal Year 2017 Report to Congress



Homeland Security

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

Message from the Deputy Director and Senior Official Performing the Duties of the Director

March 20, 2019

I am pleased to present the following report, "U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Detention Requests: FY 2017," which has been prepared by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

This report was compiled pursuant to the Joint Explanatory Statement, which accompanies the Fiscal Year 2017 Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act (P.L. 115-31).

Pursuant to congressional guidelines, this report is being provided to the following Members of Congress:



The Honorable Lucille Roybal-Allard Chairwoman, House Appropriations Subcommittee on Homeland Security

The Honorable Chuck Fleischmann Ranking Member, House Appropriations Subcommittee on Homeland Security

The Honorable Shelley Moore Capito Chairwoman, Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Homeland Security

The Honorable Jon Tester Ranking Member, Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Homeland Security

Inquiries related to this report may be directed to me at (202) 732-3000.

Sincerely

Ronald D. Vitiello Deputy Director and Senior Official Performing the Duties of the Director U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement



U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Detention Requests: FY 2017

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I. Legislative Language

This report was compiled in response to legislative language in the Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying the Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Appropriations Act (P.L. 115-31).

The Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying P.L. 115-31 states:

Within 60 days of the date of enactment of this Act and quarterly thereafter, ICE shall provide a report to the Committees on the number of detention requests issued and actual custody transfers to ICE by state and local law enforcement jurisdiction, criminal category, immigration status, gender, country of citizenship, and enforcement priority. In addition, the report shall detail the same information for criminal aliens released by non-participating jurisdictions, and should describe ICE's efforts to solicit the cooperation of such jurisdictions.

II. Background

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO) issues detainers to federal, state, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies to provide notice of its intent to assume custody of a removable alien detained in federal, state, local, or tribal custody. DHS's detainer authority, codified in section 287.7 of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations, arises from the Secretary of Homeland Security's power, under section 103(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), to provide regulations "necessary to carry out this authority" and from ICE's general authority to arrest and detain aliens subject to removal or removal proceedings, pursuant to sections 236, 241, and 287 of the INA.

Detainers enable ICE to deploy its investigative, detention, and removal resources judiciously, consistent with the enforcement policies of DHS and the executive branch of the U.S. Government. Detainers also allow ICE immigration officers to avoid the risks to public safety and officer safety associated with arrests outside the custodial environment. When law enforcement agencies fail to honor immigration detainers, it undermines ICE's ability to protect public safety and carry out its mission.

A new detainer form (I-247A) was implemented on April 2, 2017, to fulfill the requirement of former DHS Secretary John Kelly's February 20, 2017, memorandum, *Enforcement of the Immigrations Laws to Serve the National Interest*. The memorandum states that DHS would "eliminate the existing detainer forms and replace them with a new form to more effectively communicate with recipient law enforcement agencies." A copy of Form I-247A is provided as the appendix to this document.

Form I-247A requests that the receiving law enforcement agency:

- Notify DHS as early as practicable (at least 48 hours, if possible) before a removable alien is released from criminal custody; and
- Maintain custody of the alien for a period not to exceed 48 hours beyond the time that the alien otherwise would have been released, to allow DHS to assume custody for removal purposes.

Partnerships between state and local law enforcement agencies and ICE are fundamental to upholding the shared mission to protect our communities. Honoring ICE detainers increases public safety and keeps our communities safe.

Please note that this report does not provide a breakdown of detention requests by enumerated enforcement priorities set forth by the previous Administration through the Priority Enforcement Program (PEP). In accordance with President Trump's January 25, 2017, Executive Order 13768, *Enhancing Public Safety in the Interior of the United States*, PEP has been terminated, and ICE no longer tracks information based on this lapsed program.

III. Data Report of Detainers Issued by ICE ERO¹

ERO Area of Responsibility ²	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Atlanta	1,643	3,030	3,617	3,607
Baltimore	140	264	295	299
Boston	359	526	487	335
Buffalo	96	93	88	89
Chicago	1,090	2,798	1,451	1,339
Dallas	2,509	3,186	3,193	3,620
Denver	472	626	639	714
Detroit	362	520	539	583
El Paso	287	321	421	373
Houston	1,606	2,312	2,470	2,204
Los Angeles	3,949	6,149	7,859	11,790
Miami	905	1,857	1,819	1,741
New Orleans	1,447	1,820	2,061	2,094
New York City	547	1,255	1,266	1,657
Newark	428	846	634	650
Philadelphia	731	929	928	975
Phoenix	1,375	1,852	1,934	1,873
Salt Lake City	716	1,130	1,220	1,230
San Antonio	1,313	1,704	2,425	2,322
San Diego	264	499	675	624
San Francisco	1,265	1,836	2,142	1,657
Seattle	573	893	1,046	1,045
St. Paul	606	762	928	929
Washington	738	947	922	1,053
Unassigned	25	92	103	72
National Criminal Analysis and Targeting Center	105	280	187	54
Total	23,551	36,527	39,349	42,929

A. Detainers by Area of Responsibility, FY 2017

¹ FY 2017 ERO detainers data are historical and remain static. ICE is unable to provide the level of specificity in the legislative requirements because of operational and data reporting limitations. ICE does not track the number of honored detainers.

² ERO has 24 field offices that are responsible for the administration and management of enforcement activities throughout the United States. Area of responsibility is the finest level of granularity that ICE is able to provide accurately. The ICE National Criminal Analysis and Targeting Center provides comprehensive analytical support to aid the at-large enforcement and removal efforts of all ICE components.

В.	Detainers	by Cou	ntry of Cit	tizenship,	FY 2017
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Country of Citizenship ³	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
AFGHANISTAN	13	14	23	19
ALBANIA	6	10	6	16
ALGERIA	1	3	3	8
ANDORRA	-	1	-	-
ANGOLA	3	5	3	3
ANTIGUA-BARBUDA	5	5	2	5
ARGENTINA	11	26	46	51
ARMENIA	20	26	43	44
ARUBA	-	1	-	-
AUSTRALIA	3	11	12	9
AUSTRIA	-	3	1	2
AZERBAIJAN	3	5	8	2
BAHAMAS	23	34	37	30
BAHRAIN	1	2	1	1
BANGLADESH	7	10	12	21
BARBADOS	7	10	3	8
BELARUS	2	3	5	10
BELGIUM	-	4	-	6
BELIZE	20	37	38	40
BENIN	-	12	4	5
BERMUDA	1	-	-	3
BHUTAN	5	7	3	3
BOLIVIA	15	20	23	26
BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA	20	29	24	20
BOTSWANA	-	-	-	1
BRAZIL	71	129	173	189
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	1	3	-	1
BULGARIA	3	8	6	7
BURKINA FASO	2	9	9	14
BURMA	20	18	16	7
BURUNDI	5	5	4	4
CAMBODIA	25	47	51	33
CAMEROON	4	23	17	26
CANADA	73	96	87	93
CAPE VERDE	7	21	27	18
CAYMAN ISLANDS	-	-	4	1

³ "Country of Citizenship" is captured at the time of an initial encounter with an alien, either by a local law enforcement officer or by ICE, and is based on information provided by the alien. Citizenship is reported as it appears in ICE's database at the time that the data are pulled but may be updated as additional information is discovered or verified.

Country of Citizenship ³	01	Q2	03	04
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	3	3	-	3
CHAD	1	3	1	-
CHILE	36	48	43	54
CHINA, PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF	76	147	152	165
COLOMBIA	209	271	274	292
CONGO	6	14	8	6
COSTA RICA	14	50	36	47
CROATIA	1	4	5	2
CUBA	420	637	731	801
CYPRUS	-	1	-	2
CZECH REPUBLIC	4	6	5	4
CZECHOSLOVAKIA	-	-	-	3
DEM REP OF THE CONGO	8	9	10	14
DENMARK	-	3	4	3
DJIBOUTI	-	-	1	-
DOMINICA	7	5	7	13
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	473	640	662	616
ECUADOR	115	196	203	231
EGYPT	17	26	20	29
EL SALVADOR	1,250	2,031	2,252	2,562
EQUATORIAL GUINEA	1	1	2	2
ERITREA	7	5	7	5
ESTONIA	4	5	5	6
ETHIOPIA	21	40	35	48
FIJI	2	9	6	6
FINLAND	-	-	1	-
FRANCE	7	21	18	17
FRENCH GUIANA	-	-	-	1
GABON	-	3	2	7
GAMBIA	8	22	24	22
GEORGIA	9	8	15	29
GERMANY	16	21	30	33
GHANA	16	27	40	29
GREECE	2	1	6	3
GRENADA	5	3	9	13
GUADELOUPE	2	1	4	5
GUATEMALA	1,487	2,426	2,891	3,302
GUINEA	4	17	19	28
GUINEA-BISSAU	1	4	3	1
GUYANA	21	39	54	44
HAITI	106	144	135	144
HONDURAS	1,644	2,480	2,931	3,088

Country of Citizenship ³	Q1	Q2	Q3	O 4
HONG KONG	7	1	4	4
HUNGARY	4	7	13	17
ICELAND	-	_	-	1
INDIA	75	118	113	163
INDONESIA	-	11	8	12
IRAN	36	61	57	67
IRAQ	33	48	48	39
IRELAND	1	10	13	15
ISRAEL	24	21	35	22
ITALY	12	20	26	42
IVORY COAST	4	15	19	22
JAMAICA	217	331	342	389
JAPAN	2	6	7	6
JORDAN	20	31	51	47
KAZAKHSTAN	12	2	7	14
KENYA	17	44	47	43
KOREA	11	20	8	20
KOSOVO	4	-	2	4
KUWAIT	3	5	8	5
KYRGYZSTAN	3	2	2	4
LAOS	105	138	107	135
LATVIA	2	11	2	8
LEBANON	5	13	9	14
LESOTHO	-	-	2	-
LIBERIA	52	67	75	76
LIBYA	-	2	4	1
LITHUANIA	11	12	7	20
LUXEMBOURG	-	-	-	1
MACAU	4	6	3	5
MACEDONIA	2	4	-	3
MADAGASCAR	-	-	1	-
MALAWI	1	1	2	6
MALAYSIA	6	3	1	6
MALI	3	13	20	22
MALTA	-	1	-	-
MARSHALL ISLANDS	4	7	9	13
MAURITANIA	3	1	5	9
MAURITIUS	-	1	-	-
MEXICO	15,236	23,465	24,812	26,937
MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF	36	41	30	28
MOLDOVA	8	19	9	14
MONACO	-	-	-	1

Country of Citizenship ³	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
MONGOLIA	4	8	10	10
MONTENEGRO	-	1	2	3
MONTSERRAT	1	1	-	-
MOROCCO	18	13	22	23
MOZAMBIQUE	-	1	-	-
NAMIBIA	2	-	1	1
NEPAL	2	3	9	9
NETHERLANDS	6	11	9	9
NETHERLANDS ANTILLES	1	3	1	-
NEW ZEALAND	6	4	6	10
NICARAGUA	106	145	189	155
NIGER	2	5	8	4
NIGERIA	41	82	114	156
NORTH KOREA	-	1	-	1
NORWAY	2	5	-	1
OMAN	1	1	-	-
PAKISTAN	26	36	34	45
PALAU	3	3	7	4
PANAMA	10	12	20	15
PAPUA NEW GUINEA	2	-	-	1
PARAGUAY	1	2	3	4
PERU	59	110	102	152
PHILIPPINES	48	78	80	81
POLAND	26	55	57	52
PORTUGAL	5	20	23	22
QATAR	-	-	2	-
ROMANIA	44	96	99	127
RUSSIA	32	47	62	53
RWANDA	5	4	3	1
SAMOA	3	8	7	7
SAUDI ARABIA	11	29	28	34
SENEGAL	7	23	19	28
SERBIA	-	2	1	5
SEYCHELLES	-	-	1	-
SIERRA LEONE	14	23	30	28
SINGAPORE	1	1	1	1
SLOVAKIA	1	6	6	3
SOMALIA	73	99	90	71
SOUTH AFRICA	10	17	21	22
SOUTH KOREA	20	36	36	46
SOUTH SUDAN	4	5	12	10
SPAIN	12	30	52	48

Country of Citizenship ³	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
SRI LANKA	3	6	8	8
ST. KITTS-NEVIS	4	2	5	4
ST. LUCIA	2	11	14	23
ST. VINCENT-GRENADINES	6	7	3	7
SUDAN	40	47	44	46
SURINAME	-	1	1	5
SWEDEN	2	1	2	2
SWITZERLAND	-	2	1	2
SYRIA	4	7	12	9
TAIWAN	1	8	12	10
TAJIKISTAN	-	2	2	4
TANZANIA	3	8	7	8
THAILAND	34	40	54	69
TOGO	2	4	2	9
TONGA	3	8	7	4
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	36	66	51	49
TUNISIA	-	4	5	2
TURKEY	4	17	12	23
TURKMENISTAN	-	-	2	-
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	-	4	-	3
UGANDA	1	4	5	4
UKRAINE	18	43	41	35
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	-	-	-	4
UNITED KINGDOM	30	43	56	66
UNKNOWN	118	213	179	197
URUGUAY	5	14	13	10
USSR	11	27	26	22
UZBEKISTAN	7	14	12	21
VENEZUELA	42	66	83	96
VIETNAM	205	241	246	280
YEMEN	7	8	7	7
YUGOSLAVIA	5	6	9	4
ZAMBIA	3	6	3	4
ZIMBABWE	3	5	8	9
Total	23,551	36,527	39,349	42,929

C. Detainers by Gender, FY 2017

Gender	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Female	1,071	1,983	2,579	2,850
Male	22,474	34,534	36,760	40,066
Unknown ⁴	6	10	10	13
Total	23,551	36,527	39,349	42,929

D. Detainers by Criminality, FY 2017

Criminality	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Convicted or Pending Charges	22,770	34,725	36,998	39,922
Other Immigration Violators	781	1,802	2,351	3,007
Total	23,551	36,527	39,349	42,929

⁴ "Unknown" gender indicates that the subject's gender classification either was not recorded or could not be identified by observation nor was it clarified or confirmed by the individual.

IV. Declined Detainers

ICE remains committed to providing Congress and the public with accurate and responsive information on the immigration enforcement process. However, system limitations prevent ICE from statistically reporting on declined detainers by jurisdiction with the necessary level of accuracy.

ICE lodges a detainer when it has established probable cause to believe that an alien who has been arrested by state or local law enforcement is removable from the United States. Detainers are issued on all removable aliens daily, as per ERO field guidance in Policy 10074.2, *Issuance of Immigration Detainers by ICE Immigration Officers* (April 2, 2017), which requires that "immigration officers shall issue a detainer" to law enforcement agencies (LEA) regardless of whether a jurisdiction has a sanctuary policy in place. The same guidance also requires that "when ICE becomes aware that an LEA failed to honor an immigration detainer issued by ICE, the ICE immigration officers shall document the declined detainer" in ICE's system of record.

In cases where state or local authorities release an alien without notification to ICE, the system may not reflect a declined detainer unless the alien subsequently is rearrested. Because ICE has limited visibility into actions taken by state and local authorities, information on whether a detainer has been declined often will be incomplete.

V. Conclusion

ICE takes seriously its obligation to enforce the Nation's immigration laws, and the enforcement actions that ICE employs are intended to accomplish this fairly and efficiently. The data in this report reflect ICE's commitment to enforcing the Nation's immigration laws by partnering with law enforcement and fostering a cooperative environment to avoid the potential risks to public safety and officer safety associated with arrests outside the custodial environment. ICE officers and special agents will continue to take prudent and reasonable actions within their lawful authority to achieve their mission, including through the issuance of detainers.

Appendix – Detainer Form I-247A

	OF HOMELAND SECURITY TAINER - NOTICE OF ACTION
Subject ID: Event #:	File No: Date:
TO: (Name and Title of Institution - OR Any Subsequent Law Enforcement Agency)	FROM: (Department of Homeland Security Office Address)
Name of Alien:	
Date of Birth: Citizenship:	Sex:
1. DHS HAS DETERMINED THAT PROBABLE CAUSE E DETERMINATION IS BASED ON (complete box 1 or 1	EXISTS THAT THE SUBJECT IS A REMOVABLE ALIEN. THIS 2).
or in addition to other reliable information, that the ali removable under U.S. immigration law; and/or	cords check of federal databases that affirmatively indicate, by themselves ien either lacks immigration status or notwithstanding such status is er and/or other reliable evidence that affirmatively indicate the alien either
2. DHS TRANSFERRED THE ALIEN TO YOUR CUSTOD	Y FOR A PROCEEDING OR INVESTIGATION (complete box 1 or 2).
Upon completion of the proceeding or investigation for custody of the alien to complete processing and/or m	or which the alien was transferred to your custody, DHS intends to resume take an admissibility determination.
 DHS by calling U.S. Immigration and Customs End If you cannot reach an official at the Center at: (802) 872-6020. Maintain custody of the alien for a period NOT TO EXA been released from your custody to allow DHS to assum detainer to take effect. This detainer arises from DHS at rehabilitation, parole, release, diversion, custody classifie Relay this detainer to any other law enforcement agency to Notify this office in the event of the alien's death, hospital 	o which you transfer custody of the alien.
(Name and title of Immigration Officer)	(Signature of Immigration Officer) (Sign in ink)
	nt the alien to remain in the United States for a law enforcement purpose, 72-6020. You may also call this number if you have any other questions or
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN NOTICE:	CY CURRENTLY HOLDING THE ALIEN WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS
Please provide the information below, sign, and return to DH	IS by mailing, emailing or faxing a copy to
Local Booking/Inmate #: Estimated release date/	time:
Date of latest criminal charge/conviction: L	
	in the following manner:
in person by inmate mail delivery other (p	please specify):
(Name and title of Officer)	(Signature of Officer) (Sign in ink)
DHS Form I-247A (3/17)	Page 1 of 3

NOTICE TO THE DETAINEE

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has placed an immigration detainer on you. An immigration detainer is a notice to a law enforcement agency that DHS intends to assume custody of you (after you otherwise would be released from custody) because there is probable cause that you are subject to removal from the United States under federal immigration law. DHS has requested that the law enforcement agency that is currently detaining you maintain custody of you for a period not to exceed 48 hours beyond the time when you would have been released based on your criminal charges or convictions. If DHS does not take you into custody during this additional 48 hour period, you should contact your custodian (the agency that is holding you now) to inquire about your release. If you believe you are a United States citizen or the victim of a crime, please advise DHS by calling the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center toll free at (855) 448-6903.

NOTIFICACIÓN A LA PERSONA DETENIDA

El Departamento de Seguridad Nacional (DHS) le ha puesto una retención de inmigración. Una retención de inmigración es un aviso a una agencia de la ley que DHS tiene la intención de asumir la custodia de usted (después de lo contrario, usted sería puesto en libertad de la custodia) porque hay causa probable que usted está sujeto a que lo expulsen de los Estados Unidos bajo la ley de inmigración federal. DHS ha solicitado que la agencia de la ley que le tiene detenido actualmente mantenga custodia de usted por un periodo de tiempo que no exceda de 48 horas más del tiempo original que habría sido puesto en libertad en base a los cargos judiciales o a sus antecedentes penales. Si DHS no le pone en custodia durante este periodo adicional de 48 horas, usted debe de contactarse con su custodio (la agencia que le tiene detenido en este momento) para preguntar acerca de su liberación. Si usted cree que es un ciudadano de los Estados Unidos o la víctima de un crimen, por favor avise al DHS Ilamando gratuitamente al Centro de Apoyo a la Aplicación de la Ley ICE al (855) 448-6903.

AVIS AU DETENU OU À LA DÉTENUE

Le Département de la Sécurité Intérieure (DHS) a placé un dépositaire d'immigration sur vous. Un dépositaire d'immigration est un avis à une agence de force de l'ordre que le DHS a l'intention de vous prendre en garde à vue (après celà vous pourrez par ailleurs être remis en liberté) parce qu'il y a une cause probable que vous soyez sujet à expulsion des États-Unis en vertu de la loi fédérale sur l'immigration. Le DHS a demandé que l'agence de force de l'ordre qui vous détient actuellement puisse vous maintenir en garde pendant une période ne devant pas dépasser 48 heures au-delà du temps après lequel vous auriez été liberé en se basant sur vos accusations criminelles ou condamnations. Si le DHS ne vous prenne pas en garde à vue au cours de cette période supplémentaire de 48 heures, vous devez contacter votre gardion (ne) (l'agence qui vous détient maintenant) pour vous renseigner sur votre libération. Si vous croyez que vous êtes un citoyen ou une citoyenne des États-Unis ou une victime d'un crime, s'il vous plaît aviser le DHS en appelant gratuitement le centre d'assistance de force de l'ordre de l'ICE au (855) 448-6903

NOTIFICAÇÃO AO DETENTO

O Departamento de Segurança Nacional (DHS) expediu um mandado de detenção migratória contra você. Um mandado de detenção migratória é uma notificação feita à uma agência de segurança pública que o DHS tem a intenção de assumir a sua custódia (após a qual você, caso contrário, seria liberado da custódia) porque existe causa provável que você está sujeito a ser removido dos Estados Unidos de acordo com a lei federal de imigração. ODHS solicitou à agência de segurança pública onde você está atualmente detido para manter a sua guarda por um período de no máximo 48 horas além do tempo que você teria sido liberado com base nas suas acusações ou condenações criminais. Se o DHS não leva-lo sob custódia (agência onde você está atualmente detido) para perguntar a respeito da sua liberação. Se você acredita ser um cidadão dos Estados Unidos ou a vítima de um crime, por favor informe ao DHS através de uma ligação gratuita ao Centro de Suporte de Segurança Pública do Serviço de Imigração e Alfândega (ICE) pelo telefone (855) 448-6903.

DHS Form I-247A (3/17)

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THÔNG BÁO CHO NGƯỜI BỊ GIAM

Bộ Nội An (DHS) đã ra lệnh giam giữ di trú đối với quý vị. Giam giữ di trú là một thông báo cho cơ quan công lực rằng Bộ Nội An sẽ đảm đương việc lưu giữ quý vị (sau khi quý vị được thả ra) bởi có lý do khả tín quý vị là đối tượng bị trục xuất khỏi Hoa Kỳ theo luật di trú liên bang. Sau khi quý vị đã thi hành đầy đủ thời gian của bản án dựa trên các tội phạm hay các kết án, thay vì được thả tự do, Bộ Nội An đã yêu cầu cơ quan công lực giữ quý vị lại thêm không quá 48 tiếng đồng hồ nữa. Nếu Bộ Nội An không đến bắt quý vị sau 48 tiếng đồng hồ phụ trội đó, quý vị cần liên lạc với cơ quan hiện đang giam giữ quý vị dễ tham khảo về việc trả tự do cho quý vị. Nếu quý vị là công dân Hoa Kỳ hay tin rằng mình là nạn nhân của một tội ác, xin vui lông báo cho Bộ Nội An bằng cách gọi số điện thoại miễn phí 1(855) 448-6903 cho Trung Tâm Hỗ Trợ Cơ Quan Công Lực Di Trú.

被拘留者通知書

國土安全部(Department of Homeland Security,簡稱DHS)已經對你發出移民拘留令。 移民拘留令為一給予執法機構的通知書,闡明DHS意欲獲取對你的羈押權(若非有此羈押 權,你將會被釋放);因為根據聯邦移民法例,並基於合理的原由,你將會被遞解離美 國國境。DHS亦已要求現正拘留你的執法機構,在你因受到刑事檢控或定罪後,而在本 應被釋放的程序下,繼續對你作出不超過四十八小時的監管。若你在這附加的四十八小 時內,仍未及移交至DHS的監管下,你應當聯絡你的監管人(即現正監管你的機構)查詢 有關你釋放的事宜。若你認為你是美國公民或為罪素受害者,請致電ICE執法部支援中心 (Law Enforcement Support Center)知會DHS,免費電話號碼:(855)448-6903。

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